UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA TAMPA DIVISION

MATTHEW	777	MEAMED
MALIDEW	VV.	WEAVEN.

Plaintiff,

v. Case No: 8:20-cv-1646-JSS

COMMISSIONER OF SOCIAL SECURITY,

D	efendant.		
			/

ORDER

THIS MATTER is before the court on Plaintiff's Amended Petition for Attorney Fees and Costs ("Motion"). (Dkt. 28.) Plaintiff moves the Court to award his attorney's fees pursuant to the Equal Access to Justice Act ("EAJA"), 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d). For the reasons set forth below, the Motion is granted.

BACKGROUND

On July 17, 2020, Plaintiff filed a Complaint seeking review of the denial of his claim for Social Security benefits by the Commissioner of Social Security. (Dkt. 1.) On March 11, 2022, the court entered an order reversing the decision of the Commissioner and remanding this case to the Commissioner for further proceedings pursuant to sentence four of 42 U.S.C. § 405(g). (Dkt. 23.) The Clerk of Court entered judgment in Plaintiff's favor the following day, on March 14, 2022. (Dkt. 24.) Plaintiff filed the instant Motion on April 13, 2022, as the prevailing party in this action. (Dkt.

28.) In the Motion, Plaintiff seeks attorney's fees for work performed by his attorney, Byron Broun.

APPLICABLE STANDARDS

Following entry of a favorable judgment in a Social Security case, the prevailing party may obtain attorney's fees under the EAJA. 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(1)(A); *Monroe v. Comm'r of Soc. Sec. Admin.*, 569 F. App'x 833, 834 (11th Cir. 2014). The EAJA requires the court to award attorney's fees to a party who prevails against the United States in litigation unless the court finds that the government's position in the litigation was "substantially justified" or that special circumstances make such an award unjust. 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d); *Jackson v. Comm'r of Soc. Sec.*, 601 F.3d 1268, 1271 (11th Cir. 2010).

A party may recover an award of attorney's fees under the EAJA if the following prerequisites are met: (1) the party seeking the award is the prevailing party; (2) the application for such fees, including an itemized justification for the amount sought, is timely filed (i.e., filed within thirty days of final judgment in the action); (3) the claimant had a net worth of less than \$2 million at the time the complaint was filed; (4) the position of the government was not substantially justified; and (5) no special circumstances exist that would make an award unjust. 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d). A party who obtains a fourth sentence remand in a Social Security case is considered a prevailing party under the EAJA. *Shalala v. Schaefer*, 509 U.S. 292, 302 (1993). To be "substantially justified" under the EAJA, the government's position must be "justified to a degree that could satisfy a reasonable person," which requires that the

government's position have a reasonable basis in both law and fact. *Monroe*, 569 F. App'x at 834 (internal quotation and citation omitted).

ANALYSIS

Upon consideration of the Motion and the applicable law, the Court finds that Plaintiff is entitled to an award of attorney's fees. First, Plaintiff is the prevailing party in this case after having obtained a sentence-four remand. *Schaefer*, 509 U.S. at 296–97, 302. Second, the Commissioner does not dispute the timeliness of Plaintiff's Motion. (Dkt. 28 at 8.) Third, there is no indication that Plaintiff is excluded from eligibility for an award under the EAJA by any of the exclusions set forth in the Act. Fourth, the Commissioner's position was not substantially justified in this case, and the Commissioner does not dispute this issue. Finally, the Court does not find that any special circumstances exist to indicate that an award of attorney's fees in this case would be unjust.

In the Motion, Plaintiff requests that the hourly rate of the fees awarded be increased to reflect the increase in the cost of living. (*Id.* at 2–3.) Under the EAJA, the amount of attorney's fees to be awarded "shall be based upon prevailing market rates for the kind and quality of the services furnished," except that attorney's fees shall not exceed \$125 per hour unless the court determines that an increase in the cost of living or a special factor justifies a higher fee. 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(2)(A). Plaintiff proposes an hourly rate of \$200 for 40 hours of work performed in 2020 and 2021. (Dkt. 28 at 14.) The Commissioner does not oppose Plaintiff's request and the Court finds that Plaintiff is entitled to the requested rates. In total, Plaintiff seeks \$8,000 in

attorney's fees for work on this case. (*Id.*) The Commissioner does not oppose the fees requested. As such, the Court finds that the hours expended were reasonable and that \$8,000 is a reasonable fee in this case.

Plaintiff also seeks reimbursement for \$400.00 in filing fees. (Dkt. 28 at 15.) These costs incurred for filing fees are reasonable and recoverable. *Hennessey v. Comm'r of Soc. Sec.*, No. 19-civ-81719, 2021 WL 2646389, at *2 (S.D. Fla. June 28, 2021) ("Under 28 U.S.C. § 1920, filing fees are recoverable as a cost."); *Powell v. Comm'r of Soc. Sec.*, 418 F. Supp. 3d 1068, 1075 (M.D. Fla. 2019) (granting \$400 in costs incurred for filing fees); *Goulet v. Astrue*, No. 3:06-cv-975-J-TEM, 2008 WL 2608010, at *2 (M.D. Fla. June 30, 2008). Additionally, Plaintiff seeks to recoup \$14.25 in mailing expenses. Postage for service of process is reimbursable as an expense under the EAJA. *See Kay v. Commissioner*, No. 8:21-cv-538-SCB-JSS, ECF No. 27, *2 (M.D. Fla. Oct. 4, 2021) (citing 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(1)(a), 28 U.S.C. § 1920, and *Jean v. Nelson*, 863 F.2d 759, 777–78 (11th Cir. 1988)).

Finally, Plaintiff requests that the fee award be paid directly to his attorney. (Dkt. 28 at 10.) Although EAJA fee awards belong to the party, not the party's attorney, *Reeves v. Astrue*, 526 F.3d 732, 738 (11th Cir. 2008), such fees may be paid directly to a plaintiff's attorney in cases in which the plaintiff does not owe a debt to the government and assigns the right to such fees to the attorney. *Astrue v. Ratliff*, 560 U.S. 586, 597 (2010). In this case, Plaintiff has assigned the EAJA award to his attorney. (Dkt. 28 at 10.) Therefore, the award is payable directly to Plaintiff's counsel

if Plaintiff is not indebted to the federal government; otherwise, the award is payable directly to Plaintiff.

Accordingly, it is **ORDERED:**

- 1. Plaintiff's Unopposed Motion for Attorney Fees (Dkt. 28) is **GRANTED**.
- 2. Plaintiff is awarded attorney's fees in the amount of \$8,000, costs in the amount of \$400, and expenses in the amount of \$14.25 under the EAJA.
- 3. Fees are payable directly to Plaintiff's counsel if it is determined that Plaintiff does not owe a debt to the government.

DONE and **ORDERED** in Tampa, Florida, on May 3, 2022.

NOTED STATES MAGISTRATE ILIDO

Copies furnished to: Counsel of Record